NEWS RELEASE

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Azucar Announces Initial Resource Estimate for the Norte Zone at the El Cobre Project, Mexico

VANCOUVER, B.C. Azucar Minerals Ltd. ("Azucar" or the "Company") (TSX-V: AMZ; OTCQX: AXDDF) is pleased to announce completion of its initial mineral resource estimate (MRE) with respect to the Norte Zone of the El Cobre porphyry copper-gold project ("El Cobre Project", or the "Project") in Veracruz State, Mexico.

The Norte Zone is one of five copper-gold porphyry zones identified to date within the El Cobre Project and has been the focus of the majority of exploration work conducted at the El Cobre Project since 2016 (see Figure 1, Exploration Targets).

Highlights:

- Indicated Mineral Resource of 1.2Moz AuEq (million ounce gold equivalent) using the base case NSR (net smelter return) cutoff of US\$12/tonne, comprised of 47.2 million tonnes grading at 0.77 g/t AuEq (0.49 g/t Au, 0.21% Cu and 1.4 g/t Ag);
- Inferred Mineral Resource of 1.4 Moz AuEq using the base case NSR cutoff of US\$12/tonne, comprised of 64.2 million tonnes grading at 0.66 g/t AuEq (0.42 g/t Au, 0.18% Cu and 1.3 g/t Ag);
- Amenable to an open pit mining method;
- Potential for resource expansion at depth within the Norte Zone as well as at other significant porphyry bodies identified across 5km strike length at the Project.

The El Cobre Project has a total area of approximately 7,000 hectares and is located adjacent to the Gulf of Mexico, about 75 kilometres northwest of the major port city of Veracruz, Mexico in an area of excellent infrastructure. The Project is situated 200 metres above sea level with extensive road access and is located less than 10 kilometres from a power plant, highway, gas line and other major infrastructure. Major power lines cross the Project area (see Figure 2, Infrastructure).

The Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) and NSR cut-off sensitivities are presented in Table 1 with the base case cutoff at \$US12.00 NSR highlighted. The favorable infrastructure at the El Cobre Project suggests that the threshold for economic mineralization will be low relative to many other deposits. Copper and gold mineralization at the Norte Zone is associated with a multiphase variably potassic-phyllic altered porphyritic diorite intrusive complex that is cut by late mafic and intermediate dykes and post mineral feldspar porphyry. The Norte Zone is approximately 0.6 km x 0.4 km along an E-W strike. Sulphide mineralization, which extends up to 900 metres depth, consists of disseminated and vein-hosted chalcopyrite and trace bornite (Cu mineralization) exposed in surface outcrops and intersected in drill core.

J. Duane Poliquin, Chairman of Azucar commented, "We are pleased to provide this initial resource estimate for the Norte Zone, which is a significant mineral endowment at just one of the many targets at the Project. This resource provides an excellent basis for continued exploration at the El Cobre Project, both at the Norte Zone itself as well as at the other significant zones discovered between the Norte Zone and the Encinal Zone, 5km to the southeast."

Table 1. Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resource and Sensitivity Analysis

	Cutoff	in situ	In situ Grades					In situ Metal Content			
Classification	(NSR \$US)	(ktonnes)	NSR	Au (gpt)	Cu (%)	Ag (gpt)	AuEqv (gpt)	Au (kOz)	Cu (Mlbs)	Ag (kOz)	AuEq (kOz)
Indicated	7.5	52,828	29.17	0.45	0.20	1.3	0.72	772	230	2,189	1,217
	9	51,134	29.86	0.47	0.20	1.3	0.73	766	228	2,150	1,207
	12	47,211	31.47	0.49	0.21	1.4	0.77	748	221	2,049	1,175
	20	42,923	33.26	0.52	0.22	1.4	0.82	723	211	1,924	1,131
	25	34,711	36.99	0.59	0.24	1.5	0.91	660	187	1,630	1,020
	30	19,092	47.07	0.78	0.29	1.6	1.17	482	123	982	718
	40	10,634	56.97	0.98	0.34	1.7	1.42	336	79	569	487
			In situ Grades					In situ Metal Content			
	Cutoff	in situ		In s	itu Grade:	5			In situ N	/letal Conter	nt
Classification	Cutoff (NSR		NCD	In s Au		Ag	AuEqv	Au	In situ N Cu		nt AuEq
Classification		in situ (ktonnes)	NSR		itu Grade: Cu (%)		AuEqv (gpt)	Au (kOz)		/letal Conter Ag (kOz)	
Classification	(NSR		NSR 20.31	Au		Ag	•		Cu		AuEq
Classification	(NSR \$US)	(ktonnes)		Au (gpt)	Cu (%)	Ag (gpt)	(gpt)	(kOz)	Cu (Mlbs)	Ag (kOz)	AuEq (kOz)
Classification	(NSR \$US) 7.5	(ktonnes) 103,105	20.31	Au (gpt) 0.30	Cu (%)	Ag (gpt) 1.2	(gpt) 0.49	(kOz) 998	Cu (Mlbs) 324	Ag (kOz) 3,819	AuEq (kOz) 1,630
Classification	(NSR \$US) 7.5 9	(ktonnes) 103,105 86,821	20.31 22.57	Au (gpt) 0.30 0.34	Cu (%) 0.14 0.16	Ag (gpt) 1.2 1.2	(gpt) 0.49 0.55	(kOz) 998 949	Cu (Mlbs) 324 298	Ag (kOz) 3,819 3,414	AuEq (kOz) 1,630 1,531
	(NSR \$US) 7.5 9 12	(ktonnes) 103,105 86,821 64,191	20.31 22.57 26.88	Au (gpt) 0.30 0.34 0.42	Cu (%) 0.14 0.16 0.18	Ag (gpt) 1.2 1.2 1.3	(gpt) 0.49 0.55 0.66	998 949 860	Cu (Mlbs) 324 298 254	Ag (kOz) 3,819 3,414 2,768	AuEq (kOz) 1,630 1,531 1,354
	(NSR \$US) 7.5 9 12 20	(ktonnes) 103,105 86,821 64,191 51,617	20.31 22.57 26.88 30.16	Au (gpt) 0.30 0.34 0.42 0.48	Cu (%) 0.14 0.16 0.18 0.20	Ag (gpt) 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.4	(gpt) 0.49 0.55 0.66 0.74	998 949 860 792	Cu (Mlbs) 324 298 254 224	Ag (kOz) 3,819 3,414 2,768 2,338	AuEq (kOz) 1,630 1,531 1,354 1,226

Notes for Mineral Resource Table:

- 1. The Mineral Resource Estimate was prepared by Sue Bird M.Sc., P.Eng. of Moose Mountain Technical Services, the QP, in accordance with NI 43-101, and with an effective date of August 3, 2020.
- 2. Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability.
- 3. The NSR and AuEq values were calculated using US\$1,500/oz gold, US\$3.00/lb copper and US\$18/oz silver, and using metallurgical recoveries of 88% for gold and copper, and 70% for silver. Smelter terms and offsite costs have been applied as follows: gold payable = 94%, copper payable = 96.5%, silver payable = 90%, gold refining costs = US\$5.00/oz, silver refining costs = US\$0.50/oz, copper treatment and offsite (transportation) costs = US\$0.30/lb. NSR royalty = 2.5%. The final equations for NSR and AuEq are:
 - NSR = Au*(US\$44.04*88%) + Cu**(US\$2.53*88%) + Ag*(US\$0.49*70%);AuEq = Au(q/t) + 1.27*Cu(%) + 0.009*Aq(q/t).
- 4. The MRE has been confined by a "reasonable prospects of eventual economic extraction" pit using 45 degree slopes, with the pit size determined at a gold price of US\$1,950/oz, a copper price of US\$4.50/lb and a silver price of US\$28.50/oz. The mining costs used are US\$2.00/tonne. A process cost of US\$12.00/tonne is used as the cutoff of processed material.
- 5. The specific gravity of the deposit is estimated to be 2.68
- 6. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

The Norte Zone MRE is classified in accordance with guidelines established by the Canadian Institute of Mining (CIM) "Estimation of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves Best Practice Guidelines" dated November 29, 2019 and CIM "Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves" dated May 10, 2014.

There are no other known factors or issues known by the QP that materially affect the MRE other

than normal risks faced by mining projects.

The El Cobre Project is subject to the same types of risks that large base metal projects experience at an early stage of development in Mexico. The nature of the risks relating to the Project will change as the Project evolves and more information becomes available. The Company has engaged experienced management and specialized consultants to identify, manage and mitigate those risks.

The El Cobre Project is located in a general region where Pre-Columbian archaeological sites are known. To date exploration programs on the project have been conducted in consultation with Mexico's Federal Agency for Archeology, INAH, which resulted in the identification of several small areas for further study and classification, including one area lying within the MRE pit outline. As is standard practice in Mexico, areas required for development and mining activity would require a clearance from INAH following the implementation of more detailed archaeological investigations and an archaeological salvage program, if necessary. The Company is committed to working with INAH as part of its future exploration and development plans.

Mineral Resource Estimate Details

The drillhole database used to calculated the MRE is comprised of 45 exploration diamond drillholes completed between 2008 and 2019 totalling 28,448 metres, containing a total of 27,173.12m of drill core analyzed for gold and copper by fire assay and Inductively Coupled Plasma – Atomic Emission Spectroscopy ("ICP-AES"), with four acid digestion. Sample intervals within the mineralized domains ranged from 0.45m to 3.81m in length, with 98% of the intervals having a length of 3.0 metres or less.

The Norte Zone 3D geological model created by Azucar integrates assay and geological data collected from diamond core drilling; surface geologic mapping; soil geochemical; and geophysical surveys. Based on these data, the Norte Zone is modelled as an east-west elongate 600 metre x 400 metre subvertical zone of porphyry copper-gold mineralization extending to a maximum depth of approximately 900 metres vertically below surface. Mineralization is constrained by 3D geological solids representing host diorite intrusive, and peripheral andesite and dacite tuff volcanic rocks.

Length-weighted averaged composites of 3 metre core length, restricted to each rock type, were calculated and used for exploratory data analysis and resource estimation. Assays were capped by zone and domain based on cumulative probability plots to remove outliers. The modelled variograms from each domain were used for resource estimation.

A block model with a regularized cell size of 20 m by 20 m by 10 m was used to estimate grade for each metal using Ordinary Kriging (OK). The percentage of each block below the overburden surface and within each domain is used for interpolation and the resource calculations. A total of 489 density measurements have been collected at site. Based on this data, the specific gravity (sg) within the sulphide material is consistent with a mean value of 2.68. The final grade estimates are validated visually by comparing each block's metal estimates to the raw downhole assay data and statistically by comparing the modelled grades to the de-clustered composite grades (NN model), by swath plots and by grade-tonnage curves.

About the El Cobre Project

To date, Azucar has discovered five copper-gold porphyry zones within the El Cobre Project along an approximately 5km trend, stretching from Norte down to Encinal in the southeast (see Figure 1,

Exploration Targets). These zones are defined by distinct Cu-Au soil anomalies, discrete, positive magnetic features, a large IP chargeability anomaly, and drilling. A summary of the various zones is provided below.

NORTE ZONE: All five holes drilled in the Norte Zone prior to 2016 intersected porphyrystyle mineralisation. Hole 08-CBCN-022, one of the deepest holes drilled at Norte in 2008, returned values of 0.14% Cu with 0.19 g/t Au over 259 m and 08-CBCN-19 intersected 41.15 metres averaging 0.42 g/t gold and 0.27% copper to the end of the hole at 187.45 metres. Drilling at the Norte Zone in 2016 and 2017 resulted in intersections including 114.60 metres grading 1.33 g/t Au and 0.48% Cu (Hole EC-17-018, see press release of April 5, 2017), 80.50 metres grading 1.34 g/t Au and 0.46% Cu (Hole EC-16-012, see press release of October 24, 2016), and 70.45 metres grading 2.32 g/t Au and 0.59% Cu (Hole EC-17-026, see press release of July 25, 2017). Continued drilling through 2018 and 2019 has culminated in the mineral resource estimate released today.

<u>VILLA RICA ZONE:</u> The Villa Rica Zone is located about 1.8 km south of the Norte zone, and comprises a roughly 2.5 kilometre by 1 kilometre area of hydrothermal alteration defined also by a strong north-northwest trending magnetic-chargeability high and associated copper-gold soil geochemical anomalies. Past mapping and sampling defined several areas of exposed porphyry mineralisation within the Villa Rica zone, including the Raya Tembrillo target and the Naranjo target, both at the north end of the Villa Rica zone. Initial drilling in 2017 on the Raya Tembrillo target intersected two styles of mineralisation; hypogene copper-gold porphyry mineralisation (115.00 metres of 0.57 g/t gold and 0.27% copper, see press release of November 28, 2017) and near surface exotic enriched copper mineralisation with an apparent tabular distribution (94.00 metres of 1.36% copper; see press release of December 13, 2017).

The Primo target area, first announced on October 16, 2019, is also considered to be part of the Villa Rica zone, and is located approximately 1km south of Raya Tembrillo. Primo has been the location of some of the highest copper grades intersected at the Project, such as 200 metres of 0.40 g/t gold and 0.24% copper from 718 metres downhole, which included 86.50 metres of 0.70 g/t gold and 0.42% copper from 831.50 metres (see press release of October 16, 2019).

EL PORVENIR ZONE: The El Porvenir zone is located about 2 km east of the Villa Rica zone. Significant copper and gold grades have been intersected at El Porvenir, such as 0.16% Cu and 0.39 g/t Au over 290 m in hole DDH04CB1. Results from minimal drilling in 2017 include hole EC-17-040 which intersected 108.00 metres grading 0.88 g/t Au and 0.29% Cu, and hole EC-17-044 which intersected 40.25 metres grading 0.50 g/t Au and 0.25% Cu.

SUEGRO ZONE: Drilling in 2019 identified this new porphyry centre between the El Porvenir and Encinal Zones. The Suegro Zone is located approximately 250 metres south of the Porvenir Zone, within a large area of alteration associated with more subdued magnetics, and low zinc and manganese in soil. The Suegro mineralisation intersected in the drilling to date is associated with an altered (locally intense phyllic alteration overprinting potassic) intrusive. Intercepts to date include 28.20 m of 0.54 g/t Au and 0.17% Cu (hole EC-19-064; see press release of March 19, 2019).

ENCINAL ZONE: The Encinal zone is located approximately 1km south of the El Porvenir zone. Previous drilling at Encinal has intersected a highly altered breccia pipe containing

fragments of stockwork veining and porphyry mineralisation across which 18.28 metres returned 1.42 g/t Au and 0.10% Cu (Hole CB5). The breccia pipe occurs in a large alteration zone, IP chargeability high and magnetics low which has not been tested to depth. On June 19, 2017 Azucar announced that a new area of exposed stockwork quartz veining and gold mineralisation had been identified in the Encinal Zone. On June 29, 2017 Azucar announced the results of initial drilling on this exposed stockwork (Hole EC-17-025) which returned results including 34.47 metres grading 0.73 g/t Au and 0.20% Cu.

More information on El Cobre is available on the Azucar website at http://www.azucarminerals.com.

QAQC and Reporting

Azucar is currently preparing the NI 43-101 El Cobre Project Technical Report, which will contain details of the MRE. This report is required to be announced and filed on SEDAR and the Azucar website within 45 days of this news release and is authored by Kris Raffle, P.Geo. of APEX Geoscience Ltd., and Sue Bird, M.Sc., P.Eng. of Moose Mountain Technical Services both of whom act as independent consultants to the Company, are Qualified Persons (QPs) as defined by National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") and have reviewed and approved the contents of this news release.

The analyses which underpin the MRE were carried out at ALS Chemex Laboratories at Guadalajara, Zacatecas, Mexico; and North Vancouver, Canada using industry standard analytical techniques. For gold, samples were first analysed by fire assay and atomic absorption spectroscopy ("AAS"). Samples that returned values greater than 10 g/t gold using this technique were then reanalysed by fire assay but with a gravimetric finish. For copper, samples were first analysed by Inductively Coupled Plasma – Atomic Emission Spectroscopy ("ICP-AES"), with four acid digestion. Samples that returned values greater than 10000 g/t copper using this technique were then reanalysed by HF-HNO3-HCLO4 digestion with HCL leach and ICP-AES finish. Blanks, field duplicates and certified standards were inserted into the sample stream as part of Azucar's quality assurance and control program. The QPs detected no significant QA/QC issues during review of the data. Azucar is not aware of any drilling, sampling, recovery or other factors that could materially affect the accuracy or reliability of the data referred to herein.

About Azucar

Azucar is an exploration company with a mandate to thoroughly explore the El Cobre Project in Veracruz, Mexico, which covers multiple gold-rich porphyry targets, as demonstrated by recent drilling. Azucar holds a 100% interest in the El Cobre Project, subject to net smelter returns ("NSR") royalty interests, assuming production from the property exceeds 10,001 tonnes per day of ore, totaling 2.25% which can be reduced to 2.0% though the payment of US\$3.0 million.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

<u>"J. Duane Poliquin"</u>
J. Duane Poliquin, P.Eng.
Chairman
Azucar Minerals Ltd.

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